RAINBOW MEADOWS FACILITY INSPECTION FORM

ame of Horse: Date of Inspection:			
Adopter(s) Name(s):			
Address of Adopter:			
Mailing address if different from ab	oove:		
Home phone:	Cell phone:		
Work number:	Other number:		
Email address(s):			
Address being inspected:			
Name and phone number of Boarding Fa	acility (if applicable)		
	ty owner (if applicable)		
	Total grazing acreage for horses:		
Total other livestock:	Total other companion animals:		
containment of horses. Evaluation i which would cause a horse to try an	ecure, in good repair, and appropriate for is to be made of all fences and any influences ad escape its boundaries (other horses good grass on other side of fence, etc.)		
Check all fencing which is present t	to contain the adopted horse(s):		
	ery dangerous containment product. Our policy is nent fencing, there must be no less than 5 acres		
	l at the top in some fashion to prevent sagging. d to prevent a horse from leaning onto the		
	rted at each junction where one panel meets the are large enough for horses to get a hoof as for horses wearing shoes.		
SMOOTH WIRE (twisted) - must be tightly enough to avoid sag.	4 - 5 strands and well secured and stretched		

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ELECTRIC WIRE - the traditional thin wire will not be allowed unless run on adequate support posts and in multiple strands (minimum 3). Wire must be flagged in such a way to alert the horses of its presence. Rope or flat tape electric is acceptable if the fence is in good repair and is an effective barrier.
WOOD FENCING -well-secured, no evidence of splintering or rotting and support structures are in good order. Look for protruding nails or other attachment structures such as wire or strapping.
PLASTIC FENCING - well- secured, no evidence of sag and support structures are in good order
HIGH TENSILE/CABLE - potentially dangerous if a horse runs into it. Must be well-secured, no evidence of sag and support structures in good order
STEEL PIPE - potentially dangerous if a horse runs into it. Very effective for stallion containment or along roadways or other areas where horses may attempt to push fence.
_Fencing approvedFencing disapproved
Notes:
2 - GRAZING AREA - Adequate grazing room and productive pasture must be present for all equids.
Check all which apply:
ACREAGE - no less than 3 acres of grazing pasture should be made available for each horse. If the pasture quality is questionable to poor, additional pasture should be required. The more acreage, the better, to allow for healthy activity and a variety of grasses and forbes.
MAINTENANCE - evidence of proper pasture maintenance, such as mowing or dragging of manure is necessary.
ROTATIONAL GRAZING - assess presence of rotational grazing opportunities. Provide education of benefits of rotation if not understood.
WEED EVALUATION/CONTROL - evaluate all pastures for toxic weeds; Johnson Grass, Nightshade, Poison Hemlock, etc. Discuss mowing, burning and necessary precautions regarding the use of herbicides. Horses should be removed from treated pastures for no less than 7 days

TREE EVALUATION – evaluate all pastures for toxic trees; Oak, Red Maple, Cherry, $\overline{\text{Pl}}\text{um}$; Apple, Black Locust, etc.
_ GRASS EVALUATION - evaluate pasture grasses for vigor. Attempt to assess type of grasses present to counsel regarding "warm" vs. "cool" season grasses and concerns for high sugar as it relates to obesity or insulin sensitivity.
SAFETY EVALUATION – evaluate the pasture for hazards, including equipment, piles of fencing supplies, trash, old buildings, etc. Pastures are to be free of these type hazards.
_ Grazing area approved _ Grazing area disapproved
Notes:
3 - HOUSING - Adequate shelter must be present for all equines. Shelters are to be utilized specifically for the housing of horses and not as a storage area for equipment or other supplies. Natural shelter (shelter belts) is acceptable.
Check all which apply:
_ RUN-IN or LOAFING STYLE SHEDS – must be large enough for all horses with added room to avoid overcrowding when inside. All wall coverings (tin or wood) must be secure and in good condition. Assess for protruding nails, wires, other hazards. Openings into run-in sheds must be large enough for 2 horses to enter at the same time (10 feet openings).
BARNS - must be large enough for all horses with added room to avoid overcrowding when inside. All wall coverings (tin or wood) must be secure and in good condition. Assess for protruding nails, wires, other hazards. Openings into barn sheds must be large enough for 2 horses to enter at the same time (10 feet openings) unless the horses are led into individual stalls.
_Housing approved _Housing disapproved
Notes:
4 - OVERCROWDING - evaluate facility for overcrowding of horses. Determine if adequate facilities exist for the number of residing equines as well as any new ones being considered for adoption.
Check all which apply:

 $_$ AMBULATION SPACE – all horses need daily exercise. Encourage as much space as possible and 24x7 turnout for all horses. Evaluate facility for indications that the horses might be 'penned up' for extended periods of time, either daily or at specific times of

the year (rainy season, e horses to exercise and b					is adequate for the
_Space approved	_Space	disapprove	d		
Notes:					
5 - WATER SOURCES horses.	- Adequa	ite water so	urces ar	e to be ava	ilable for all
Potable (approved for sources other than na and contained in trough	tural wate	er (ponds, l	akes, cre	eks, rivers	, streams, springs)
Check all which apply	7:				
_ TROUGHS/TANKS - for all equines present.				ontainment	of adequate water
HEATERS - at least O near an electric source t trough/tank heater must	o provide o	current for a	tank/trou	_	
POTABLE WATER - w provided for all equines.	ater that is	s appropriat	e for hum	an consump	otion must be
_ Discuss hazards related to circumvent these hazards		n ponds and	frozen wa	ater sources	s and evaluate plans
_Water source(s) app	proved _	_Water soui	rce(s) dis	sapproved	
Notes:					
6 - FEED EVALUATION inspect hay feeders (n check for feed pans or success of Thrive for r	o cattle fe bowls. D	eeders appr Discuss nee	coved), ev d to limit	valuate fee	d storage (grains),
Feeding plan a	pproved	Feed	ding plan	ı disapprov	ved
Notes:					

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7 - VETERINARY EVALUATION - ask who their treating veterinarian is or will be. Obtain contact information, including address and phone number. If possible, call the vet while on-site, so the potential adopter can tell the vet about bringing a horse to their home. Ask permission from the adopter to call the vet. Have them give that permission to the vet while on the phone. Make a call to the vet AFTER leaving the premises so the vet can discuss any concerns with you privately.
Veterinarian Name:
Veterinarian address:
Veterinarian phone number:
8 - FARRIER EVALUATION - ask who their farrier is or will be. Obtain contact information, including address and phone number. If possible, call the farrier while on-site, so the potential adopter can tell the farrier about bringing a horse to their home. Ask permission from the adopter to visit with the farrier. Have them give that permission to the farrier while on the phone. Make a call to the farrier AFTER leaving the premises so the farrier can discuss any concerns with you privately. If other horses are on the property, ask the farrier how often he/she is scheduled for trims, etc.
Farrier Name:
Farrier address:
Farrier phone number:
9 - TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT/ARRANGEMENTS - evaluate presence of trailer and tow vehicle. If the adopter does not own a truck and trailer, secure information as to how they plan to transport the horse to their residence or to the vet, etc. Make certain that everyone understands the need to be able to get a horse treatment in the event of an illness or injury. If no arrangements have been made, do not approve the facility until a plan has been formulated.
10 - OTHER - evaluate the facility for any other issues and concerns which are present such as other livestock (horned cattle or Llamas), proximity to heavily travelled roadways, presence of neighborhood children who might climb fences to access horses, loose dogs, etc. Address any concerns as needed.
Transport equipment approvedTransport equipment disapproved

• Discuss the sensibility of displaying the *Equine Limited Liability Act* signs, available

ONLY from the Kansas Horse Council. Let all adopters know that they cannot claim protection from liability without the presence of these signs. Also talk about the \$1,000,000 limited liability insurance policy which is available to all members of the Kansas Horse Council (family membership is about \$80.00).

- After completing the facility inspection, discuss the need for 14 days minimum of quarantine and evaluate quarantine plans and facilities. Lack of quarantine facilities is not a 'deal breaker' but adopters should be aware of all risks associated with bringing new horses into their facility.
- Also discuss herd introductions, if the adopted horse will be joining an existing herd.
- Conclude the inspection with any questions the adopter might have.

Have adopter(s) sign this document. By their signature they acknowledge that the address listed at the top of the facility inspection form is the ONLY facility where the adopted horse(s) can reside, with the exception of short term training facilities for the express purpose of training the adopted horse. They must contact Rainbow Meadows for an inspection of any other facility.

Signature of adopter		Date
Signature of adopter #2		Date
Facility approved	Facility disa	pproved
Notes:		
Date of inspection:		
Signature of inspector:		

• Provide the inspection form to the Rainbow Meadows office, via email rainbowmeadowsrescue@gmail.com , within 24 hours of inspection.

Mail the signed original to the office at $4768\ K157\ Junction\ City,\ KS\ 66441$ within 24 hours.

Contact Karen at 785-257-3005 for any questions or concerns.